Troponoid-mediated radical polymerization of vinyl acetate and acrylates

Wachara Benchaphanthawee,¹ Yu-Yu Jen,¹ Zhe-Wei Yang,¹ and Chi-How Peng^{*,1,2}

¹ Department of Chemistry, National Tsing Hua University, Hsinchu, Taiwan, ² Department of Chemistry, National Taiwan University, Taipei, Taiwan

+886-2-33669545, <u>chipeng@ntu.edu.tw</u>

A series of tropone derivatives, including the natural product of hinokitiol, has been utilized as new organic mediators in controlling the radical polymerization of vinyl acetate (VAc), methyl acrylate (MA), and *N*-vinyl pyrrolidone (*NVP*) with the predictable molecular weight and formation of block copolymers. The mechanism of this troponoid-mediated radical polymerization (TPRP) was investigated through control studies, DFT calculations, and chain-end characterization. The tropone derivatives deactivated the propagating radicals by forming a C-C bond at the α -carbon of tropone, thus generating the dormant species. The dynamic equilibrium between the dormant species and the tropones with radicals leads to the control of polymerization. The equilibrium constants (K_{eq}) for polymerizations of vinyl monomers with various troponoids have been calculated using the Eyring equation, rationalizing the control efficiency of different tropones in VAc, *NVP* and MA polymerizations.